

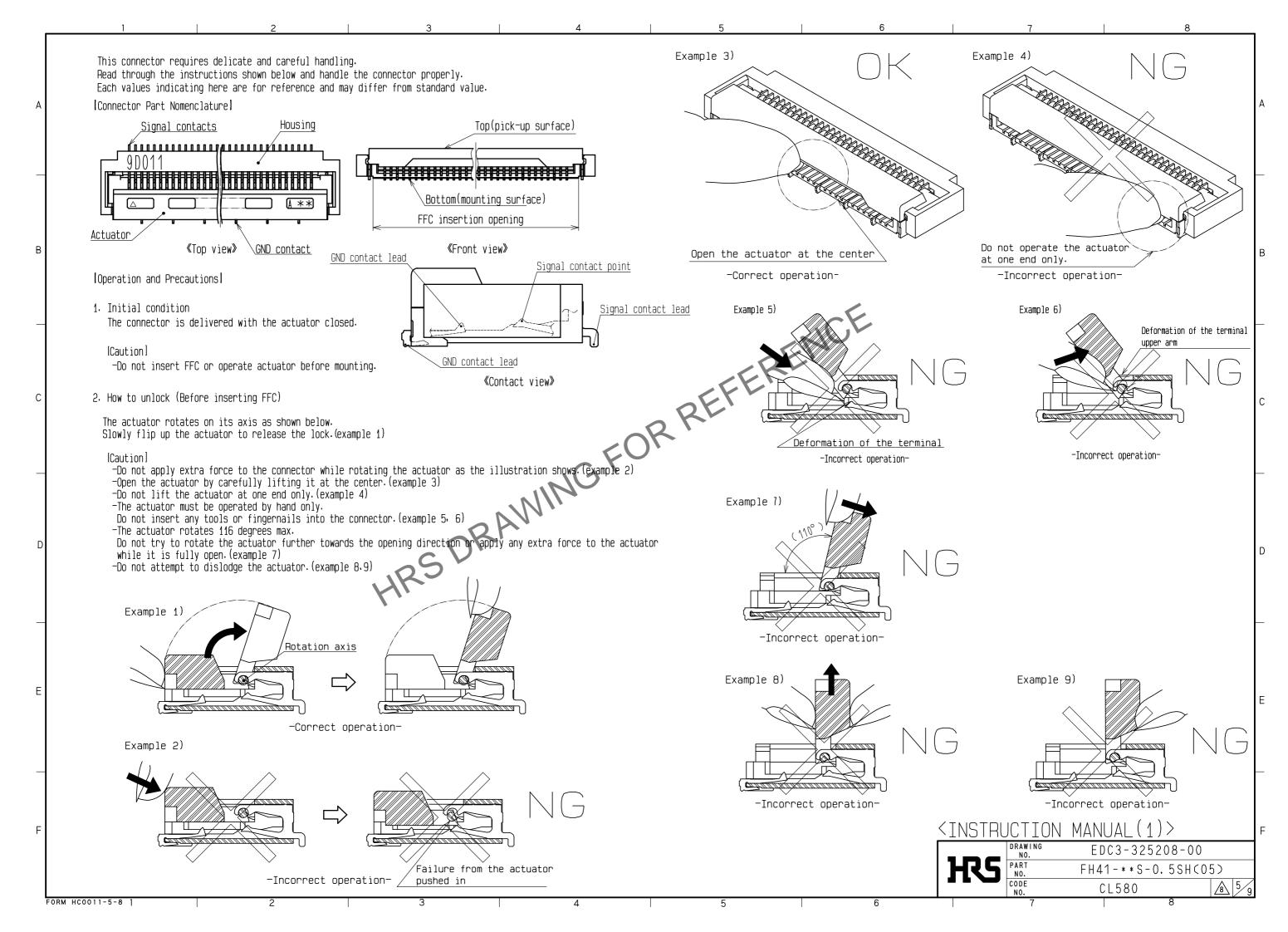
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DADT NUMBER	AARE NUMBER	NUMBER OF	NUMBER OF	DIMENS	ION OF (CONNECTO	OR, LAND	PATTER	N, META	L MASK	AND FFC	DIMENSION OF DRAWING FOR PACKING								
PART NUMBER	CODE NUMBER	CONTACTS	GROUND CONTACTS: g	C	D	E	F	H	J	K	L	M	Р	Q	R	S	Ţ	U	V	W
FH41-15S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2222-2-05	15	3	11.5	7	5	8. 07	9. 45	9.5	9. 2	8	24	-	11.5	11.8	10.5	9. 2	29. 4	25. 4	8.87
FH41-20S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2221-0-05	20	4	14	9.5	7.5	10. 57	11. 95	12	11.7	10.5	24	-	11. 5	14. 3	13	11.7	29. 4	25. 4	11. 3
FH41-28S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2208-1-05	28	5	18	13. 5	10	14. 57	15. 95	16	15.7	14. 5	32	28. 4	14. 2	18. 3	17	15.7	37. 4	33. 4	15. 3
FH41-30S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2218-5-05	30	6	19	14. 5	12. 5	15. 57	16. 95	17	16.7	15. 5	32	28. 4	14. 2	19.3	18	16.7	37. 4	33. 4	16. 3
FH41-31S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2216-0-05	31	6	19.5	15	12.5	16.07	17. 45	17.5	17.2	16	32	28. 4	14. 2	19.8	18. 4	17. 2	37. 4	33. 4	16.8
FH41-40S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2205-3-05	40	8	24	19.5	17.5	20. 57	21.95	22	21.7	20.5	44	40. 4	20. 2	24. 3	23	21.7	49. 4	45. 4	21. 3
FH41-50S-0.5SH(28)	CL580-2204-0-28	50	10	29	24. 5	22. 5	25. 57	26. 95	27	26.7	25. 5	44	40. 4	20. 2	29. 3	28	26.7	49. 4	45. 4	26. 3
FH41-60S-0.5SH(05)	CL580-2223-0-05	60	12	34	29. 5	27.5	30. 57	31. 95	32	31.7	30.5	56	52. 4	26. 2	34. 3	33	31.7	61.4	57. 4	31. 3
FH41-68S-0.5SH(28)	CL580-2202-5-28	68	13	38	33. 5	30	34. 57	35. 95	36	35.7	34. 5	56	52. 4	26. 2	38. 2	36.6	35.7	61.4	57.4	35. 3

THE SPECIFICATION OF (28) IS APPLIED TO NUMBER OF CONTACTS 50 AND 68.

HRS DRAWING NO.
PART NO.
CODE NO. EDC3-325208-00 FH41-**S-0.5SH(05) CL580 8 4 9

FORM HC0011-5-8 1 4 5



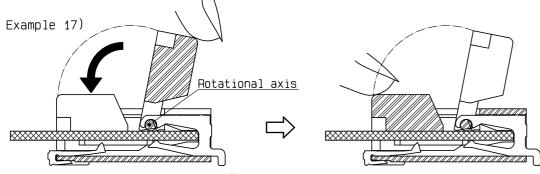
FORM HC0011-5-8

3. How to insert FFC 4. FFC insertion check This connector has contact point on the bottom, insert the FFC with the exposed conductors face down. Guide for positioning FFC guide the FFC tabs to the correct position. This connector has Guide for positioning FFC, insert the FFC at about 8.5 degree angle Make sure that the FFC tabs are located in correct position to the PCB mounting surface. (example 10) as shown in the figure below after FFC insertion (example 14) [Caution] [Caution] -Do not insert the FFC with the conductor surface face up. -Do not insert the FFC at an angle and/or stop it before insertion is completed (example 15, 16) -Insert the FFC properly to the very end. -Do not insert the FFC at an angle (example 11) -Insert the FFC with the actuator opened (example 12) -Do not twist the FFC to up and down, right and left or an angle (example 13) Example 14) Example 15) Example 16) Example 10) Guide for positioning FFC FFC (inserted wi<u>th</u> angle) FFC (i<u>nsuffiicient inserted)</u> Insert the FFC with the exposed -Correct operation-FC alignment tab conductors face down. Guide for positioning FFC -Correct operation--Incorrect operation--Incorrect operation-Example 11) -Incorrect operation Example 12) Example 13) FFC TAB run on the guide FFC TAB run on the guide Hook of guide for positioning FFC for positioning FFC. for positioning FFC. fits in FFC TAB. <INSTRUCTION MANUAL(2)> FFC FFC -Correct operation--Incorrect operation-EDC3-325208-00 FH41-**S-0.5SH(05)

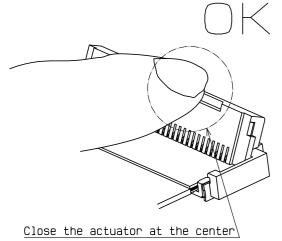
CL580

5. How to lock 7. How to unlock The actuator rotates on its axis as shown below. Apply load to rotate the actuator after inserting the FFC. (example 17) [Caution]

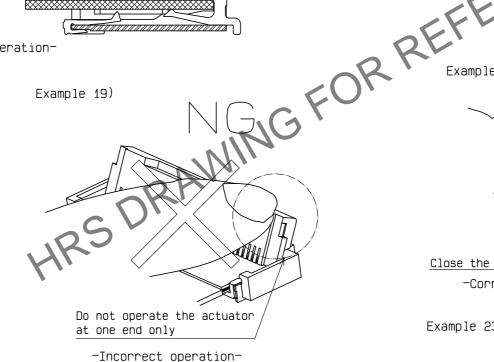
- -Close the actuator by carefully operating it at the center (example 18)
- -Do not operate the actuator at one end only. (example 19)
- -The actuator must be operated by hand only.
- Do not insert any tools or fingernails into the connector.
- -Do not try to rotate the actuator further towards the opening direction while it is fully open.
- -Do not apply excessive force to the actuator other than force necessary for rotating the actuator.
- -Do not attempt to dislodge the actuator.
- -After the actuator is closed, the actuator should be parallel to the PCB mounting surface.



-Correct operation-



-Correct operation-



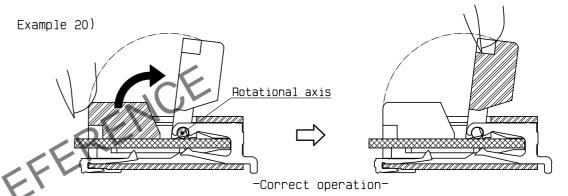
6. Mating confirmation of the FFC

Example 18)

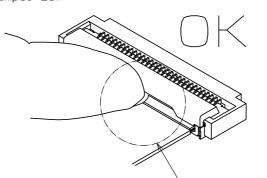
After the actuator is closed, please check if the actuator is parallel to the PCB mounting surface. Please keep the actuator stress free while it is near its 0° position. Any extra stress on actuator may lead to contact deformation.

Slowly flip up the actuator to release the lock. (example 20)

- -Open the actuator by carefully lifting it at the center (example 21)
- -Do not lift the actuator at one end only. (example 22)
- -Do not apply excessive force to the actuator in the direction parallel to the actuator while unlocking the actuator.
- -The actuator must be operated by hand only.
- Do not insert any tools or fingernails into the connector.
- -The actuator rotates 116 degrees max.
- Do not try to rotate the actuator further towards the opening direction or apply any extra force to the actuator while it is fully open (example 23)
- -Do not attempt to dislodge the actuator. (example 24)

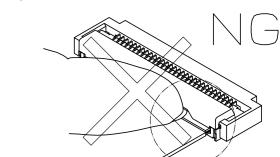


Example 21)



Close the actuator at the center

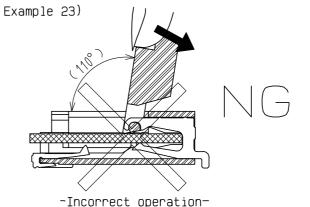




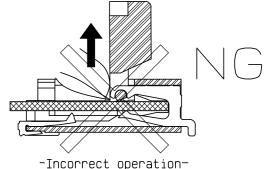
Do not operate the actuator at one end only

Example 22)

-Incorrect operation-



Example 24)



<INSTRUCTION MANUAL(3)> EDC3-325208-00 FH41-**S-0.5SH(05) CL580

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8. How to remove FFC

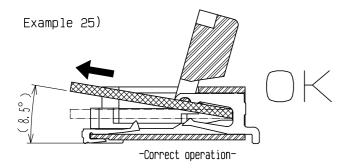
This connector has a FFC positioning structure for guiding the FFC into the right position while insertion. After rotating the actuator to the fully open position, carefully withdraw the FFC at about 8.5 degree angle to the PCB mounting surface (example 25)

[Caution]

-For FFC removal, do not pull out the FFC horizontally.

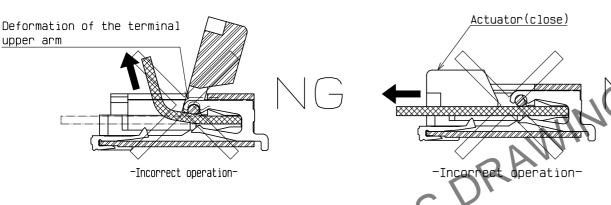
-Do not withdraw the FFC at extreme(inclined towards vertical) angle (example 26)

-Do not attempt to pull the FFC without unlocking the actuator (example 27)



Example 26)

Example 27)



Precautions for component layout

While the FFC is under tension due to the connecting configuration, extra stress may be applied to the connector.

As a result, conduction failure may occur due to the extra stress.

In order to prevent such kind of conduction failure, please read through the following parts before making circuits/mechanism design.

[Caution]

-Avoid applying forces to/pulling the FFC along/perpendicular to the direction of FFC insertion (example 28)
Avoid pushing/pulling the FFC upwards/downwards.
-If the FFC has to be curled/bended in your cabling design.

please keep enough degree of freedom in your design to keep the FFC tension free.

In this regard, the stiffener should be parallel to the PCB (example 29)

—If the FFC has to be curled/bended in your cabling design, do not curl/bend the FFC area near the connector. This may lead to conduction failure or FFC breakage. (example 30)

It is recommended to keep the FFC fixed to avoid applying stress through the FFC to the connector.

—Do not mount other components underneath the FFC stiffener which may interfere with the connection (example 31)

-Follow the recommended FFC design.

Please consult with the FFC manufacturer about FFC bending performance and wire breakage strength while making design-Keep sufficient operating space for FFC insertion during layout design in order to avoid incorrect FFC insertion.

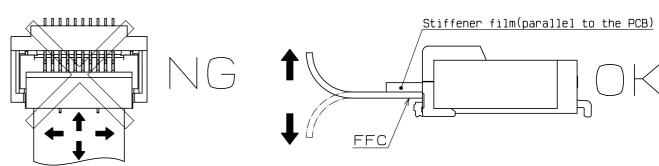
Please keep enough FFC length and component layout space for assembly during design process.

FFC with too short length may make the assembly difficult.

-Keep enough space for the rotation of the actuator during PCB and component layout design.

—Please consult with our sales representative if you are using FFC with different configuration from our recommendation.

Example 28)



Example 29)

Example 31)

Example 30)

Stiffener film(angled)

<u>Component part</u>

Instructions for mounting on the PCB

Stiffener film(angled)

Follow the instructions shown below when mounting on the PCB.

[Caution]

-Refer to recommended layouts on page 1 for PCB and stencil pattern.

-Using either narrower land pattern or wider stencil pattern than recommendation

may end up with excessive amount of solder/flux climbing on contact.

Please inspect the size of solder fillet and flux climbing height of the mounted connector

while using different land/stencil pattern from our recommendation.

-Clearance between the mounting surface of the connector contact lead and the bottom of the housing is very small. Solder resist/silk screening applied underneath the connector may interfere with the connector. This may lead to soldering defect/insufficient fillet formation.

Please verify your solder resist/silk screening design carefully before implementing the design.

—Please try to minimize the warpage of the PCB. Soldering failure could still occur

due to the PCB warpage even if the coplanarity of the connecter is under 0.1mm.

-If the connector is mounting on FFC, please make sure to put a stiffener on the backside of the FFC.

Recommended stiffner: Glass epoxy material with thickness of 0.3 mm MIN.

-Do not apply 1 N or greater external force on the connector when unreeling

or handling the connector before mounting.

Excessive mechanical stress may damage the connector before mounting.

<INSTRUCTION MANUAL(4)>

H		DRAWING NO.											
	H 75	PART NO.	FH41-**S-0.5S	H(05)									
		CODE NO.	CL580	8 9									
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FORM HC0011-5-8 1

Instructions for PCB handling after mounting the connector Instructions on manual soldering Follow the instructions shown below when mounting on the PCB. Follow the instructions shown below when soldering the connector manually during repair work, etc. [Caution] [Caution] - Splitting a large PCB into several pieces -Do not perform manual soldering with the FFC inserted into the connector. ·Installing mounting screw on PCB -Do not heat the connector excessively. Be very careful not to let the soldering iron touch During the assembly processes described above, care shall be taken any parts other than connector leads. Otherwise, the connector may be deformed or melted. so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the PCB. -Do not supply excessive solder (or flux). Stresses applied on PCB may damage the connector as well
-The warpage of a 100 mm wide PCB should remain within 0.5 mm .(example 32) If excessive solder (or flux) is supplied on the contact lead, solder or flux may adhere to the contact point or rotating parts of the actuator, resulting in conduction failure or a rotation failure of the actuator. The warpage of PCB may apply excessive stress on the connector and damage the connector.

—Please perform conduction check with caution. Conductivity probe may damage the connector contacts. (example 33) Supplying excessive solder to the metal fittings may hinder actuator rotation. resulting in breakage of the connector. -Attachment of foreign particles with the connector contact may lead to conduction failure. In this particular case, the conduction failure may be fixed by re-inserting the FFC. contact leads.

specific applications the recommended temperature may vary depending on solder paste type volume/thickness and board size/thickness.

Please consult with your solder paste and equipment manufacturer for specific recommendations.

-Pet law method:IR reflow

Number of reflow cycles:2 cycles MAX. Example 32) 100 1.0 MAX Connector Connector 1.0 MAX 100 Example 33) Deformation of the contact upper arm Deformation of Ö the contact $\overline{}$ Conductivity probe EMPERATURE 150℃ -Incorrect operation--Incorrect operation-25 90~120 sec MAX 60 sec. (60 sec.) PRE-HEATING TIME SOIDFRING TIME TIME (sec.) <Recommended reflow temperature profile>|_E EDC3-325208-00

FH41-**S-0.5SH(05)

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