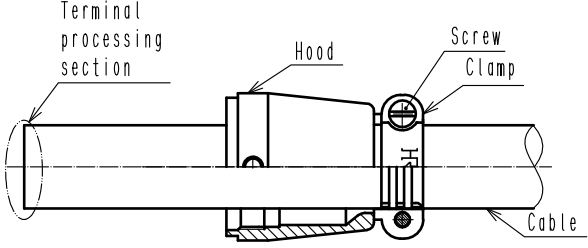
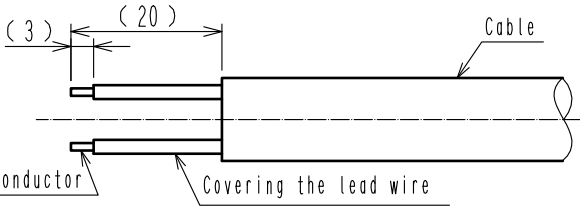
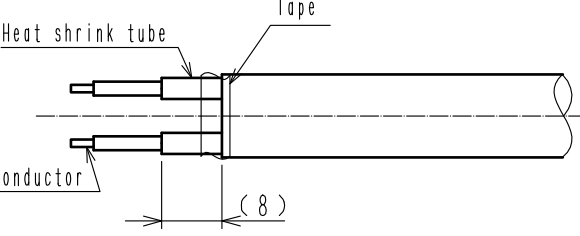
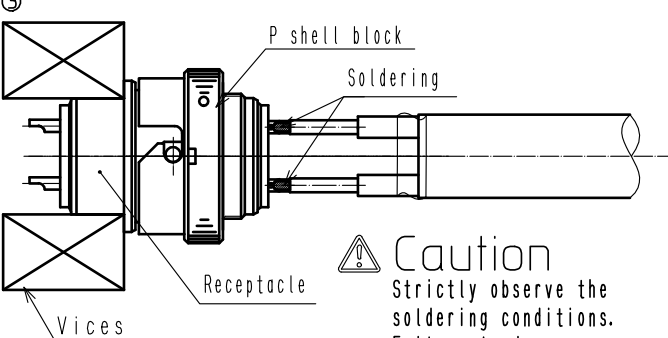
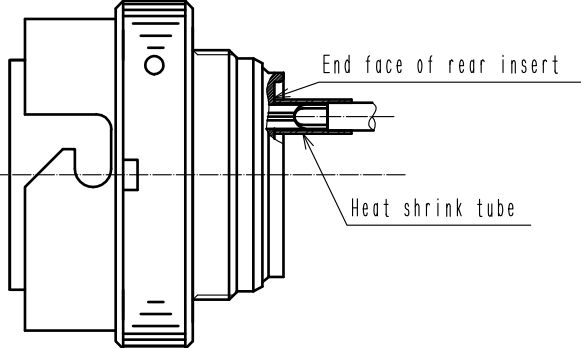


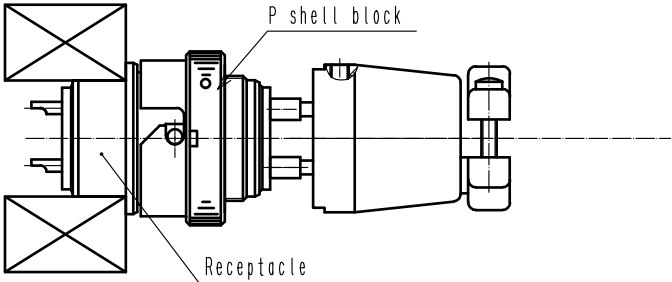
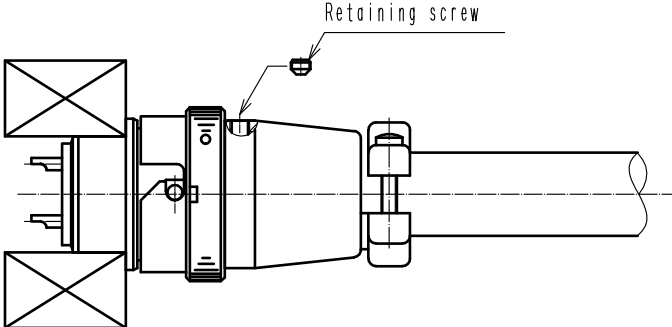
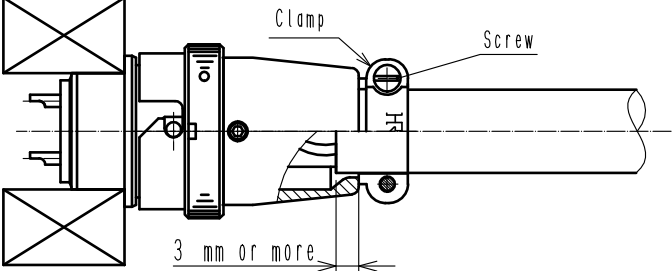
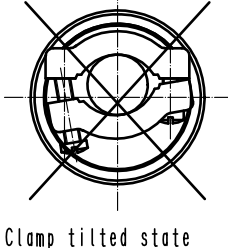
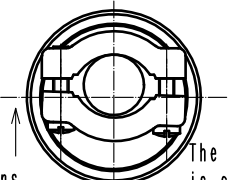
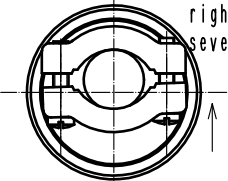
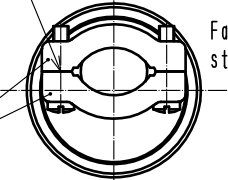
1. Scope

This specification document describes the harness procedure of RM15QPS connectors.

2. Operation procedure

No.	Illustation	Operation	
1	<p>Receptacle</p> <p>Vices</p> <p>Retaining screw Hexagon hole width across flats dimension: 1.27 mm</p> <p>P shell block</p> <p>Hood</p> <p>Clamp</p> <p>Do not fix the shell as shown in the left figure because the shell may be deformed and cannot be installed.</p>	<p>• Disassembling Connectors</p> <p>After engaging the receptacle which is fixed with a vice, etc., remove the retaining screw to separate the P-shell block, hood, and clamp.</p> <p>Note)If the P-shell block is fixed directly with a vice, it may deform or break.</p> <p>When fixing the receptacle, be careful not to deform due to excessive tightening.</p>	
<div><div><div>△</div><div>COUNT</div></div><div><div>DESCRIPTION OF REVISIONS</div></div></div>	<div><div>DESIGNED</div></div>	<div><div>CHECKED</div></div>	<div><div>DATE</div></div>
<div><div>TITLE</div><div>RM15QPS Connector Harness Assembly Procedure</div></div>		<div><div><div><div>HRS</div><div>HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.</div></div><div><div>APPROVED</div><div>HY. KOBAYASHI</div><div>20231026</div></div><div><div>CHECKED</div><div>HY. KOBAYASHI</div><div>20231026</div></div><div><div>CHARGED</div><div>TY. SUZUKI</div><div>20231026</div></div><div><div>WRITTEN</div><div>KR. SUZUKI</div><div>20231025</div></div></div></div>	
<div><div>TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION</div></div>		<div><div>ETAD-C0236-00</div></div>	<div><div>△</div><div>1</div><div>3</div></div>

No.	Illustration	Operation
2	 <p>Terminal processing section</p> <p>Hood</p> <p>Screw Clamp</p> <p>Cable</p>	<p>• Incorporating Connectors</p> <p>After loosening the screws, thread the hood and clamps to the cable in the direction shown on the left.</p> <p>Note) After the cable ends have been processed, hood may not pass through.</p>
3	 <p>(3)</p> <p>(20)</p> <p>Cable</p> <p>Conductor</p> <p>Covering the lead wire</p>	<p>• Terminal processing of cables</p> <p>Process the Terminal processing of cables according to the dimensions on the left.</p> <p>Note) If the lead wire is covered or the conductor is damaged during stripping, insulation failure or conduction failure may occur.</p>
4	<p>①, ②</p>  <p>Heat shrink tube</p> <p>Tape</p> <p>Conductor</p> <p>(8)</p> <p>③</p>  <p>P shell block</p> <p>Soldering</p> <p>Receptacle</p> <p>Vices</p> <p>Caution</p> <p>Strictly observe the soldering conditions. Failure to do so can cause insulation to melt and terminals to fall out.</p> <p>④</p>  <p>End face of rear insert</p> <p>Heat shrink tube</p>	<p>• Soldering</p> <p>① Apply preliminary solder to the conductor.</p> <p>② Pass the heat shrink tube through the wire and stop it with tape to prevent it from falling.</p> <p>③ Connect the P-shell block to the receptacle fixed by the vice, and solder the lead wire to the terminal connection section.</p> <p>Soldering condition Soldering Iron Tip Temperature: <math>350 \pm 10^{\circ} \text{C}</math> Solder connection time: 3 seconds or less</p> <p>Note) Make solder connections so that there is no Soldering defects, tempura solder, etc. Also, make sure that the solder is sufficiently fused in the solder connection between the wire and the terminal.</p> <p>④ To prevent faulty dielectric withstanding voltage, cover the solder connections with heat-shrink tubes. The tip of the heat-shrinkable tubing should be pressed against the end face of the rear insert.</p> <p>Note) When heat-shrinking the tube with a heat gun, be careful not to melt the lead wire or sheath.</p>

No.	Illustration	Operation
5	<p data-bbox="316 159 339 192">①</p>  <p data-bbox="316 521 534 566"><b>Caution</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 568 981 712">Fasten the receptacle firmly so that it does not move even with the torque to assemble the connector. If the fixing is not sufficient, the connector may be tilted during assembly, resulting in damage to the connector or failure to tighten with the specified torque.</p> <p data-bbox="316 741 339 775">②</p>  <p data-bbox="316 1066 339 1099">③</p>  <p data-bbox="320 1391 624 1424">Incorrect Tightening Process</p>  <p data-bbox="695 1391 991 1424">Correct Tightening Process</p>  <p data-bbox="890 1574 1050 1709">The tightening is carried out on the left and right side several times.</p>  <p data-bbox="483 1843 715 1877">Clamp mounting surface</p>  <p data-bbox="571 2000 627 2033">Clamp</p>	<p data-bbox="1070 159 1342 192">• Assembling Connectors</p> <p data-bbox="1062 226 1501 472">① Clamp the hood to the P shell block to which the solder connection is made. (Recommended Tightening Torque: 2 to 3 N·m) Fasten the receptacle while it is engaged with a receptacle fixed by a vice.</p> <p data-bbox="1062 506 1430 595">Note) When tightening the hood, hold it so that the cable does not turn.</p> <p data-bbox="1062 763 1501 1010">② Tighten the set screws to the P shell block. (Recommended Tightening Torque: 0.3~0.4 N·m) It is recommended to apply Loctite 243 or equivalent made by Henkel Japan to the stop screw to prevent loosening.</p> <p data-bbox="1062 1077 1501 1547">③ The clamp tightens the screw by homing the wire to the position where the cable sheath is inside the connector to satisfy the cable sheath dimension (3 mm or more) as shown on the left. In addition, the screw must be securely fastened until the clamp and the clamp mounting surface come into contact so that sufficient clamping force can be obtained. Please apply Loctite 243 or equivalent made by Henkel Japan to the screws to prevent loosening.</p> <p data-bbox="1062 1581 1501 1704">Notes 1) If the size of 3 mm or more is not satisfied, the clamping force of the cable may be reduced.</p> <p data-bbox="1062 1738 1501 1962">Notes 2) Please tighten the screws on both sides several times to keep the two clamps as level as possible. If the screw is tightened while the clamp is tilted, the screw may be damaged.</p>