1. **Scope**
   This document specifies the process from crimping the DF22-series crimp contacts with wire (AWG10 — AWG16) to inserting crimped wires to crimping socket.

2. **Product number structure**

   ![Table of product number structure]

   - **Connector**
     DF22 B L – 2 S – 7.92 C
   - **Series Name**: DF22
   - **Form Type**
     Sockets
     - Blank: Standard height, standard lock
     - B: Long type, standard lock
     - C: Long type, ergonomic lock
     In-line plugs
     - Blank: With panel stop
     - A: Without panel stop
   - **Guide key type**
     - Blank: Inside (Color: natural)
     - R: Right side (Color: black)
     - L: Left side (Color: red)
   - **Number of contacts**: 1 to 5
   - **Connector type**
     - S: Socket
     - DS: Double-row socket
     - EP: In-line plug
     - DEP: Double-row in-line plug
     - RS/P: Retainer
   - **Contact pitch**: 7.92mm
   - **Type of housing**
     - C: Crimping housing
     - Blank: Retainer
3. Process for harnessing

3.1. Cable stripping
Strip cables in accordance with appointed "Crimping Quality Standards" (TAD-5024-***). In so doing, make sure there is no scratch on wire cores.

3.2. Crimping
Crimp contact with wire using appropriate applicator (AP109A-DF22#-****) and check the crimping height and shape in accordance with the “Table of Crimping Conditions” and “Crimping Quality Standards”.
In the case of using a cabtyre cable, etc., perform crimping so that the terminal insertion direction is correct when it is inserted into the crimping socket.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plating specifications</th>
<th>Applicator</th>
<th>Crimping Quality Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blank: Tin plated</td>
<td>AP109A-DF22-1416</td>
<td>TAD-5024-060</td>
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<tr>
<td>A: Gold plated</td>
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<tr>
<td>SCF: Socket contacts/reel</td>
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<tr>
<td>SC: Socket contacts/pack</td>
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<tr>
<td>PCF: In-line plug contacts/reel</td>
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<td>TAD-5024-063</td>
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<tr>
<td>PC: In-line plug contacts/pack</td>
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3.3. Insert crimped contact to socket

Hold the wire of a crimped contact, and insert it to each contact hole of crimping sockets.

*The figures show insertion to DF22-3S-7.92C(28) and DF22-1416SCF.

* How to insert wire into multipole contact
The insertion of wire in a bended state allows users to carry out the operation without any difficulty as shown in the drawing below.
To maintain performance reliability, please note the following matter when you insert a contact.

**Horizontal insertion: OK**

Insert the contact in a horizontal direction to the crimp socket. Please insert the contact at once until you hear a click sound and feeling.

**Tilted insertion: NG**

Insertion with tilted angle may deform the contact or crimp socket. Please insert the contact without tilted.

**Twisted insertion: NG**

Twisting wire may deform the contact or crimp socket. Please insert the contact without twisting wire.

Check the contacts inserted completely

Check that the lance of a crimped contact has been caught at the lance holder of the crimping case. (Slightly pull the wire to check.)
※Prohibited matters when checking contact insertion
When checking the contact insertion state, please do not bend the wires as shown in the drawing below. In case of thick core wire which is not very supple, and therefore, failure to observe this prohibition may apply stress to the connectors, which may cause the contacts to be disconnected.

3.4. Removing contacts
Push down molded lance by using precision screwdriver, and pull out the wire Simultaneously.

- Repair tool: Precision screwdriver (Flat-bladed screwdriver, blade width 1.4mm)

- By doing repair, the lance strength could be lower, therefore, do not reuse the crimp socket, and replace it to a new one.
- While removing contact, please pay attention not to injury by the protrusion of the contact.
3.5. **Assemble retainer**  
After checking crimped contact insertion completely, insert retainer to crimp socket shown below

- Retainer insertion direction  
  See below for the Insertion direction.

![Crimp socket (DF22#- S-7.92C (28))](image1)  
Retainer (DF22#- RS/P-7.92)

- To maintain performance reliability, please note the following matter when you assemble retainer.
  ① Insert the retainer in a horizontal direction to the crimp socket.  
  ② Please insert the retainer at once until you hear click sound and feeling.  
  ③ Please make sure that the contact has been inserted properly so that the retainer can be installed.

3.6. **Repair of the retainer**  
Pull out and remove the retainer as shown below.

![Crimp socket (DF22#- S-7.92C (28))](image2)  
Retainer(DF22#- RS/P-7.92)

- By doing repair, the retainer lock strength could be lower, therefore, do not reuse the retainer and replace it to a new one.
(Reference) How to install the retainer

- Retainer insertion direction

- Good example (Inserted the retainer completely.)
  - Stopper is visible from the lock hole.
  - Stopper face (Part of green line) is confirmable.

- NG (Incomplete insertion)
  - Part of stopper is visible.
  - Large clearance.

- Front edge of the retainer is touching to the crimp housing.
  - Retainer is stranded on the stopper.
4. Precautions for handling

*Packing and storage
For packaging and storage of cable assemblies, please consider not to apply excessive force to the lock portion by its own weight.
Long term storage under hot and humid condition could cause deformation of the lock portion and result in mating failure.

*Cable tying/Cabtyre cable stripping length
- Tying the cables near the socket may cause terminal disconnection, cable cut, unstable contact, etc. Thus, it is recommended to tie and strip the cables at a point at least 100 mm from the socket.

When using a multipole terminal, be aware that the strip length for the outside cables should be longer to provide it with a flection portion, as well as to not apply any load such as excessive torsion.