

3. How to insert FPC/FFC

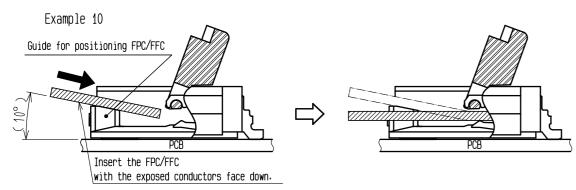
This connector has contacts on the bottom, insert the FPC/FFC with the exposed conductors face down.

This connector has Guide for positioning FPC/FFC, insert the FPC at about 10 degree angle to the PCB mounting surface. (example 10)

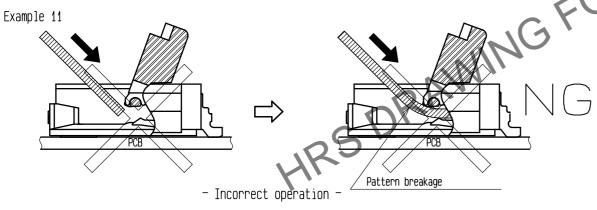
In case of using FPC/FFC without tabs, insert the FPC/FFC horizontally along the surface.

[Caution]

- -Do not insert the FPC/FFC with the conductor surface face up.
- -Insert the FPC/FFC properly to the very end.
- -Do not insert the FPC/FFC at an angle (example 11)
- -Insert the FPC/FFC with the actuator opened (example 12)
- -Do not twist the FPC/FFC to up and down, right and left or an angle (example 13)



- Correct operation -



Example 12

Example 13

FPC/FFC

- Correct operation
Example 13

- Incorrect operation -

4. FPC/FFC insertion check

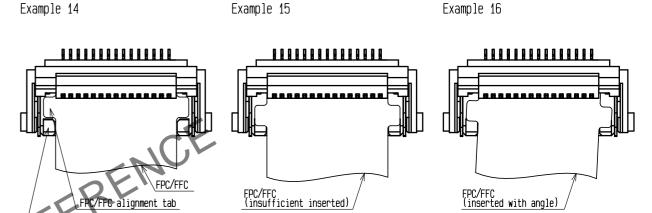
Guide for positioning FPC/FFC guide the FPC/FFC tabs to the correct position. Make sure that the FPC/FFC tabs are located in correct position as shown in the figure below after FPC/FFC insertion (example 14)

[Caution]

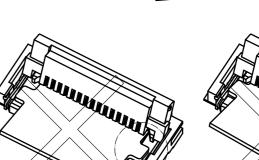
Hook of guide for positioning FPC/FFC

fits in FPC/FFC TAB.

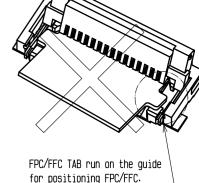
-Do not insert the FPC/FFC at an angle and/or stop it before insertion is completed (example 15, 16)



operation - Incorrect operation -



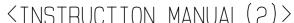
FPC/FFC TAB run on the guide for positioning FPC/FFC.



- Incorrect operation -

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HS.	DRAWING NO.	EDC-386059-05-00		
	PART NO.	FH52K-80S-0.5SH(05	5)	
	CODE NO.	CL580-4641-0-05	<u>5</u>	/

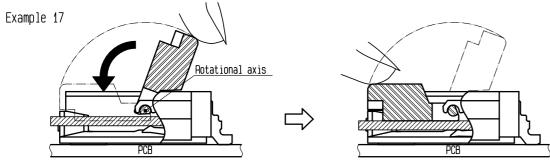
FORM HC0011-5-8 1 2 3 4 5

5. How to lock

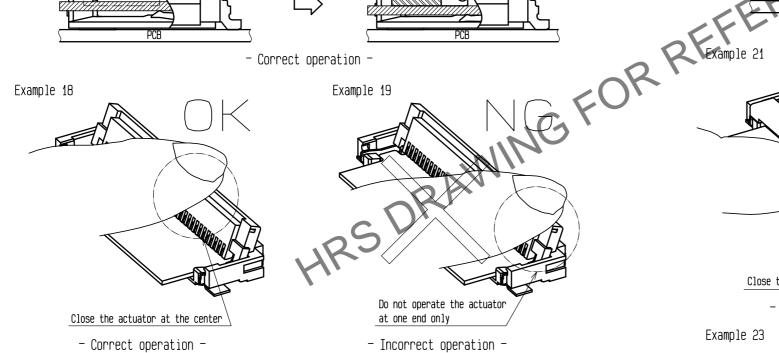
The actuator rotates on its axis as shown below. Apply load to rotate the actuator after inserting the FPC/FFC (example 17)

[Caution]

- -Close the actuator by carefully operating it at the center. (example 18)
- -Do not operate the actuator at one end only. (example 19)
- -The actuator must be operated by hand only.
- and do not insert any tools or fingernails inside the connector.
- -Do not attempt to force the actuator to backside further.
- -When operating the actuator do not apply any force in the direction of the connector.
- -Do not attempt to dislodge the actuator.
- -Confirm that the actuator completely closed and is parallel to the PCB mounting surface.



- Correct operation



6. Mating confirmation of the FPC/FFC

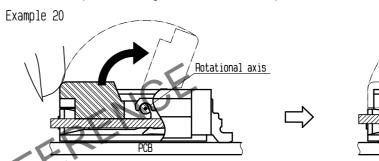
In the locked condition, make sure that the actuator is horizontal on the board surface. Do not apply excessive force to it near the 0° position of the actuator. Otherwise, the terminals may be deformed.

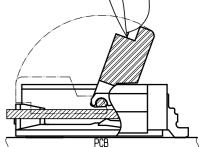
7. How to unlock

Slowly flip up the actuator to release the lock. (example 20)

[Caution]

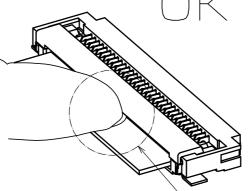
- -Open the actuator by carefully lifting it at the center (example 21)
- -Do not lift the actuator at one end only. (example 22)
- -When operating the actuator do not apply any force in the direction of the connector.
- -The actuator must be operated by hand only.
- and do not insert any tools or fingernails inside the connector.
- -The actuator rotates 110 degrees max.
- Do not attempt to force the actuator to backside further (example 23)
- -Do not attempt to dislodge the actuator. (example 24)





Correct operation

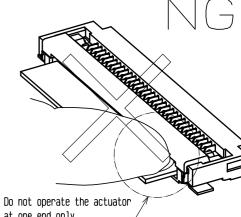
Example 22



- Correct operation

Close the actuator at the center

Example 23

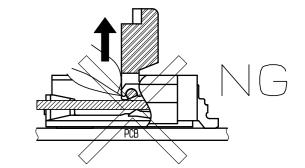


at one end only

Example 24

- Incorrect operation

- Incorrect operation -



- Incorrect operation -

<INSTRUCTION MANUAL(3)>

	DRAWING NO.	EDC-386059-05-00	
	PART NO.	FH52K-80S-0.5SH(0	5)
	CODE NO.	CL580-4641-0-05	6/7

FORM HC0011-5-8 1

How to remove FPC/FFC | Instructions for mounting on the PCB| This connector has a temporary FPC/FFC holding structure with guide for positioning FPC/FFC. Follow the instructions shown below when mounting on the PCB. After rotating the actuator to the fully opened position carefully withdraw the FPC/FFC pulling out at about 10 degree angle to the PCB mounting surface (example 25) In case of using FPC/FFC without tabs, pull out the FPC/FFC horizontally along the surface. -Refer to recommended layouts on the page 1 for PCB and stencil pattern. -Shorter pattern width than the recommended PCB dimension. could cause solder wicking and/or flux penetration. -For FPC/FFC removal, do not pull out the FPC/FFC horizontally. -Larger pattern than the recommended stencil dimension, -Do not withdraw the FPC/FFC at an angle (example 26)
-Do not attempt to pull the FPC/FFC without unlocking the actuator (example 27) could cause solder wicking and/or flux penetration. -Clearance underneath the contact and the housing is very small. In case solder resist and/or silk screening are applied on PCB underneath the connector, Example 25 verify the thickness, or it could push up the connector bottom and may cause soldering defect and/or insufficient fillet formation. -Apply reflow temperature profile within the specified conditions. In individual applications, the actual temperature may vary, depending on solder paste type volume/thickness and PCB size/thickness. Consult your solder paste and equipment manufacturer for specific recommendations.

—Prevent warpage of PCB, where possible, since it can cause soldering failure even with 0.1 mm max coplanarity. -When mounting on the flexible board, please make sure to put a stiffener Correct operation on the backside of the flexible board. Example 27 Example 26 We recommend a glass epoxy material with the thickness of 0.3 mm MIN. –Do not add 1 N or greater external force when unreel or pick and place the connector etc. Deformation of the terminal upper arm Actuator(close) or it may get broken. <code>IInstructions</code> for PCB handling after mounting the connector <code>I</code> Follow the instructions shown below when mounting on the PCB. INGFORRE {Caution} - ·Splitting a large PCB into several pieces ·Screwing the PCB Incorrect operation Incorrect operation Avoid the handling described above so that no force is exerted on the PCB during the assembly process. Precautions for component layout Otherwise, the connector may become defective. Depending on a FPC/FFC rounding, a load is applied to the connector, and a contact failure may occur. -The warp of a 100 mm wide PCB should be 0.5 mm or less.(example 32) To prevent a failure, take the following notes into a consideration during mechanism design. The warp of PCB suffers stress on connector and the connector may become defective. -Avoid applying forces to FPC/FFC in vertical or horizontal directions (example 28) In addition, avoid pulling up and down on the FPC/FFC.

—When fixing FPC/FFC after FPC/FFC cabling, avoid pulling FPC/FFC, and route the wire FPC/FFC with slack. 5 MAX Example 32 Connector In this regard the stiffener is parallel to the PCB (example 29) -Do not bend the FPC/FFC excessively near the connector during use or it may causecontact failure or FPC/FFC breakage (example 30) Fixing the FPC/FFC is recommended to prevent these failures. -Do not mount other components touching to the FPC/FFC underneath the FPC/FFC stiffener (example 31) 5 MAX -Follow the recommended FPC/FFC design. Connector Make adjustments with the FPC/FFC manufacturer for FPC/FFC bending performance and wire breakage. -Keep a sufficient FPC/FFC insertion space in the stage of the layout in order to avoid $\dot{\circ}$ incorrect FPC/FFC insertion. Appropriate FPC/FFC length and component layout are recommended for assembly ease 100 Too short FPC/FFC length makes assembly difficult. -Keep spaces for the actuator movement and its operation for PCB design and component layout Instructions on manual soldering Example 28 Example 29 Follow the instructions shown below when soldering the connector manually during repair work, etc. Stiffener film (parallel to the PCB) -Do not perform manual soldering with the FPC/FFC inserted into the connector. -Do not heat the connector excessively. Be very careful not to let the soldering iron contact any parts other than connector leads. Otherwise, the connector may be deformed or melt.

—Do not supply excessive solder (or flux). If excessive solder (or flux) is supplied on the terminals, solder or flux may adhere to the contacts or rotating parts of the actuator, resulting in poor contact or a rotation failure of the actuator. Supplying excessive solder to the metal fittings may hinder actuator rotation. resulting in breakage of the connector. Example 30 Example 31 Stiffener film (angled) Stiffener film (angled) <INSTRUCTION MANUAL(4)> FPC/FFC DRAWING EDC-386059-05-00 FH52K-80S-0.5SH(05) CODE Component part CL580-4641-0-05 $\sqrt{6}/7/7$ FORM HC0011-5-8 1